Ypsilanti Commercial.

VOL. XVII, NO. 45. YPSILANTI, MICH., SATURDAY, JANUARY 8, 1881. WHOLE NO. 877.

BARGAINS IN CLOTHING!

The Holidays are past, and now the

WINTER STOCK

MUST BE CLEARED OUT!

Call and Examine our Goods.

A Good Time to get an Overcoat, Coat, Pants, and Vests?

A Good Time to buy a Hat or Cap?

Don't let Mother Shipton's Prophacy come to pass and find you poorly clothed when you can buy

CLOTHING AT SUCH REASONABLE PRICES

—AT—

C. S. WORTLEY & BRO.

Always Room for One More in the Carriage?

And so, notwithstanding the unprecedented Holiday Sales,

THE EMPORIUM

IS STILL STOCKED WITH

Fine Jewellry, Opera Glasses, Gold Pins, Beautiful Books for all ages, Vases, Toilet Sets, Dressing Cases, Cutlery of all kinds, the most Beautiful Collection of Chromos and Birthday Cards, every Kind of Picture Frame, and then the One Thousand Things there is not room to name.

Best Drugs & Medicines.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY PREPARED.

FRANK SMITH.

NOVELTIES JUST RECEIVED

—AT—

FREEDMAN'S

Gents' Furnishing Goods

Department.

Gents' Cashmere Mufflers,
Do. Silk do.
Do. Silk & Wool do.
Do. Silk Hankerchiefs,
Do. Wool Mitts,
Do. Cashmere Mitts,
Do. Dress Gloves, Embroidered Backs,
Do. Cis-Atlantic Gloves,
Do. Caster Gloves in Plain and Emb'd Backs,

Gents' Flat Scarfs in Black and Colors,
Do. De Joinvilles do., in Stripes and Figures,
Do. Ties and Bows, in Black and Colors.
Do. Lisle Thread Hosiery,
Do. Cotton do.
Do. Wool do.
Do. Merino do.

Call and Examine Stock and Prices.

147, 149 & 151, Woodward Ave., DETROIT.

872

Professional Cards.

ATTORNEYS.

EDWARD P. ALLEN, Attorney at Law. Office, Laible Block, Ypsilanti Mich.

JOHN H. FOX, with FRANKLIN HINCKLEY, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. Arcade Block, Ypsilanti, Mich.

W. H. JEWETT, Attorney at Law. Special and General Insurance Agent, and adjuster of fire losses, Follett House Block, Cross St., Ypsilanti. 728

CLARENCE TINKER, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and General Insurance Agent. Special attention given to Collection and Conveyancing. Negotiations made and loans effected on mortgages, &c. Office in Masonic Block, Depot, Ypsilanti, Mich. 700

J. WILLARD BABBITT. D. C. GRIFFEN.

BABBITT & GRIFFEN, Attorneys and Councellors at Law, and General Insurance Agent. Negotiations made, and Loans effected on Mortgages and other Securities. Office, in Van Tuyl's Block (first floor), Huron St., Ypsilanti.

DENTAL.

M. F. FINLEY, D. D. S., DENTAL Rooms over J. Sanders' Clothing Store in Union Block, cor. Congress and Washington streets, Ypsilanti, Mich Anaesthetics administered if desired. 816

J. E. POST, M. D., D. D. S. DENTIST. Rooms over Dr. H. Van Tuyl's Drug Store, south side of Congress Street, Ypsilanti. All work warranted. N. B.—Nitrous Oride Gas administered.

PHYSICIANS.

A. J. WILLIAMS M. D., Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon. Office and residence, 17 Washington street, two doors south of M. E. church.

WM. PATTISON, M. D., Homeopathic Physician and Accoucheur. Will attend to calls in city or country. Office nearly opposite the Episcopal Church, Huron Street, Ypsilanti.

BANKING.

HEMPHILL, BATCHELDER & CO., BANKERS, corner of Congress and Huron streets, Ypsilanti. 800

OPERA HOUSE, YPSILANTI

One Night Only.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 11th, 1881.

Syril Searl's Company

Supporting the EMINENT TRAGEDIENNE,

ROSE EYTINGE,

In the Great Drama,

ROSE MICHEL

Written expressly for and played by Miss Eytinge for more than 1,000 times, including a run of 200 consecutive performances at the

Union Square Theatre, N. Y.

Rose Michel, | Her Original Character. | ROSE EYTINGE.

PIERRE MICHEL Count Henri de Vernay | His Great Daul Role | C. SEARLE.

General Admission	50c.
Rear Gallery	35c.
Reserved Seats	75c.

Reserved Seats for Sale at Dodge's Jewelry Store.

HOLIDAY

GOODS.

Everything in Apple Pie Order at

SAMSON'S

For another GRAND RUSH from now until after Christmas.

150 Feet of Sale Room,

And all Chuck Full,

Come One, Come All!

HARNESS!

For Harness and Harness Repairing, call at the

NEW SHOP,

Opposite Deubel Bros.' flouring mill.

Prices Reasonable. 686y

Local Matters.

SATURDAY, January 8, 1881.

The Mooreville Baptist church put in a new organ recently.

A social at Good Templars hall to-night. Good speaking and music Come.

The children are flocking to the Union schools in as big crowds as ever.

The "Strategists" Tuesday evening had a large and a side shaking audience.

A grand social hop comes off at Beaubien house at Paint Creek, Friday evening. January 21st.

The sixth annual session of the Michigan Sportsman's Association occurs at Lansing, Tuesday, January 25th.

Our Stony Creek reporter got his news in too late last week, and it won't apply this week.

Dr. Wilson, of Ann Arbor, will address the temperance meeting to-morrow at Light Guard Hall.

Opera house next Tuesday evening, January 11th. Rose Eytinge in the great drama, "Rose Mitchell."

Bellevilleites and Milanites are happy. They can get to Detroit now by rail. Passenger trains are running.

The footing in the Justice election last week should have been 177, instead of 137. The compositor picked up the wrong figure.

A. school building for younger pupils in the first ward, is all that is required to fill the bill.

A strong desire has been expressed by the members of the congregation to have Rev. Mr. Bourns' New Years discourse published. We will print it next week.

Our subscribers are aware that we have been building, and can use every cent due us, and more. So you need have no fears that your mites will come amiss.

There are 12,000,000 Sunday school scholars in this country and 3,000,000, of teachers. What a grand army. It means death to intemperance.

The people of St. John's church are preparing to erect a school building about the size of building in fourth ward. Are there not abundant school accommodations in this city?

Our modesty will not permit us to say that our quarto edition at $1.50 is the best paper in the county, we will say however, that it is *one* of the best and the cheapest. So is the $1,00 weekly.

The COMMERCIAL seven column quarto takes splendidly. It is emphatically a local paper as to the city and vicinity, county and state. Just such a paper as the people want One third larger [illegible] paper in the county and only $1,50.

A subscription came to us from L. D. Renwick, we could not make out the P. O. address, but took it to be Summit, Jackson Co. The Post master sends it back, no Renwick there. So we must have mistaken the address. Pray where?

A boy that doesn't know enough to join a Sunday school between now and Christmas is the best instance of total depravity we know of.—*New Haven Register.*

There's lots of them in this vicinity desperately depraved then.

A social tea will be held at the room of the W. C. T. U., in Union Block, January 11th, Tuesday evening, from 5 to 8. Hot tea and coffee, with cake, sandwiches, etc., all for 15 cents. A good time may be expected. Those who attended our former one will hardly need a second invitation.

SECRETARY.

YOUNG OR OLD, ladies or gentlemen—*a good opportunity.* For every new subscriber to the dollar weekly, with the money, we will allow you 25 cents. Every new subscriber to the seven-column quarto edition, we will allow you 40 cents. Every $11.00 you bring in, you can keep the eleventh dollar. We want THE COMMERCIAL in every family in all this section. *Try it on*, and you will earn some money, and bless the families who subscribe with a first class paper—just the paper they will thank you for placing in their family circle; local, county, State, National, and world-wide. P. S.—For every trial subscriber, three months, you may retain ten cents, quarto edition.

We copy the following from the Alton Telegraph. Mr. Haight is a graduate of the Normal school and his parents were residents of this city for a number of years. Mrs. Haight is a daughter of Rev. Wm. P. Pattison for several years pastor of the Baptist church.

At the Board of Education held Tuesday evening Dec. 20th., Supt. E. A. Haight presented his resignation, which the Board reluctantly accepted. The President of Vincennes University, at Vencennes, Ind., lately died, and the Trustees have elected Prof. Haight to the vacancy, although he was not an applicant for the position. The Presidency of this institution is a much more desirable position than the one now held by the Professor and the salary more liberal, hence the Board felt that it would be doing him an injustice to decline to accept his resignation, although they greatly regretted the loss of his services.

Prof. Haight is now in the eleventh year of his superintendency of the Alton schools and his long connection therewith is sufficient evidence of the manner in which he is appreciated by the Board of Education and of his popularity with all friends of education in the city. He has brought the Alton schools to a higher degree of efficiency than was ever before in their history. He has proved himself a successful practical and progressive educator, not only enthusiastic but thoroughly conscientious in discharging the duties of his high profession. During his residence in Alton he has won the respect and confidence of the entire community. In social and musical circles he has long been prominent, and ever foremost in organizations for the moral elevation of the people. Not only the friends of education and the teachers and pupils of the public schools, but a host of attached personal friends will regret his removal from Alton.

HON. R. E. FRAZER AT LIGHT GUARD HALL.

The best speech Bob Frazer ever made in this city, was last Sunday. The reason why Bob is liked better and better, is because he comes before our audiences indicating advanced radical ideas. He is progressing and having got beyond the ordinary prohibitionists and ready for positive radical action he took the audience by storm. This identical speech ought to be made before the Legislature. He began by alluding to the fall of so many who had in in good faith taken the pledge. The wrecks lie thickly all around us, sunk into worse depths than before. Hence every reformed man is regarded with suspicion. The fact that he is so regarded hangs over him like a pall of death. It is fearful. "My God, can it be that wher'er I move in every circle, suspicion like a terrible nightmare follows my steps and brazenly looks me in the face." This is one of the terrible penalties of having been a drunkard. But such is the alarming sorrowful cry that bursts from many a reformed man's lips, as he awakes to the solemn reality. Is this suspicion reasonable? Ought it to haunt the life of the reformed? He spoke of the depressing selfishness of some reformed men. Themselves out of danger, neglecting to lift a finger and even by their presence at the reform meetings add the weight of their little influence. Of all men and women they should be the most unselfish and untring in their efforts.

By successive steps he had risen to a higher plane of thought and action. He has become now not simply a prohibitionist, but an exterminationist. "The most manly of the two, the sneaking license men and the salonists, are the latter. You know where to find them, and they know now where to find me. There is no love lost between us. I hate their business as I hate destruction and hell. I tell them so, and that their business has got to be cleaned out."

In Potter Co. Pennsylvania as the result of Prohibition not a dram shop, courts of police empty, jails empty. Prohibition is demanded. First, *To save our boys, the minors.* He was very eloquent and convincing on this point appealing to the heart sympathies of every parent. Second To preserve public morals. Third, To save even the church of the *Living God.* The worst enemy of the church is the saloon. "*But not up to public sentiment.*" And what are you objector, on this score, doing to form correct public opinion?

"*The law can't be enforced.*" Neither is the licence law enforced. Not a saloon keeper in Washtenaw County who is not daily violating the law, selling to minors, to habitual drunkards.

"[illegible] *respectable dram shops.*" "There is no respectability in the business. It is of the devil, devilish in its best estate. What difference does it make to a parent whether his son is wrecked and ruined in an arristocratic licenced saloon or in one of the common, unlicienced holes? It is ruin anyway."

This cause is progressing. It will make a great onset at Lansing this winter. The dram dealers have done their worst. Their $100,000 to defeat known prohibitionists has availed them little. Let every temperance man buckle on the armor. Vermont has pronounced the traffic a nuisance. Iowa by 20,000 has declared for the extermination of the ungodly trafic. Kansas by an overwhelmning majority has said down with the dram shop. England is waking up to the terrible curse. Germany is learning that she can not have good soldiers soaked in the beer tub, and is planning its banishment. The civilization and the christianity of the world is after the dram shop. The licence men are a century behind the age. They are in a rip-van winkle sleep. Every man and woman with the impulses of a better life, a better, and nobler humanity will array themselves against this arch enemy of human happiness, of domestic peace, light taxes of prosperous communities. Then let every praying man and woman, every lover of God and his kind, lift up their prayers of faith for success to crown the efforts of the temperance workers at Lansing this winter."

SOME PLEASANT REMINISCENCES.

Conversing with Hon. Chauncey Joslin, the veteran lawyer, he mentioned the name of Mr. Chas. W. Lane, his first partner. This led to further inquiries, and elicited the following facts that will serve to revive the memories of old settlers:

Mr. Joslin came to Ypsilanti in 1837. In 1840 he formed a copartnership with Mr. Lane, under the firm name of Lane & Joslin. In November, 1849, Mr. Lane, a valuable citizen, died. In February, 1841, he formed a partnership with Walter A. Buckbee—Buckbee & Joslin. Mr. Buckbee died in 1851. February, 1843, with Churchell H. Van Cleve, under the firm name of Joslin & Van Cleve. In 1844, Skinner Geo. N. & Joslin. The partnership in 1850 was dissolved by the death of Mr. Skinner. Alone until January 1st, 1854, when the firm became Joslin & Norris. Lasted two years. Over two years out of the profession and engaged in running mills. From April, 1858, to 1871, Joslin & Blodget, Amos, now residing in Philadelphia. He was alone three years, and in 1874 Joslin & Whitman, C. R., a son in-law. 1881, alone again, and to use his own words, "Chauncey is himself again."

Through with the above facts, it occurred to us that locations of office would be interesting. First law office occupied was the second floor of a wooden building used for a store, where Worden's block now stands. Old man Dick Brower owned it. In 1840, in the identical brick building now occupied by Dr. Watling, the dentist, Huron street, owned by Marcus Lane. 1841, west end of the old Hawkins House. Then a second floor where Dr. Rexford's store stands, wooden building. In 1844, member of the Legislature. Session continned 72 days. In 1849, second floor in Morse block. In 1843, moved to the bank building, now part of the New Hawkins Hotel. 1854, followed the apparent (and it was all apparent) star of empire eastward, and occupied rooms on the second floor of a wooden building where now the Lewis Hotel stands. Then across the street into rooms where the Masonic Block stands. Being satisfied that it was impossible to reverse the order of natural laws, in May, 1858, came back to this side in the building occupied now by Harry Weeks, ground floor. Here five years, at a rental of $150. The property was offered to him for $1,500, owned by Mr. C. Millington. Then to S. Post's block, Huron street, over the post office. In October, 1865, he moved into S. Post's building, rear of and south side Congress street. February, 1880, to his present suite of rooms in the Union Block.

Mr. Joslin says, "sorry then and sorry ever since that I left Post's building, a remarkably comfortable office. I look back with pleasure to my occupancy of the bank and Post's rooms."

THE FAIR COMMITTEE.

The annual meeting of the executive committee of the Eastern Michigan Agricultural Fair took place at the office of the Secretary, Frank Joslin, last Monday. Present, H. D. Platt President and Frank Joslin expiring Secretary, Wm. Campbell, Treasurer; J. F. Chidister, Secretary elect, E. M. Cole, Superior; J. D. Olcott, Augusta; N. C. Carpenter, Pittsfield; Wm. Lee Yost, Canton; F. A. Graves, Ypsilanti; J. S. Wood, Lodi; John Harrison, Wayne; C. L. Fellows, Sharon; S. C. Sobers, Salem and W. H. Hawkins of this city. The reports of the Secretary and Treasurer, showing a flourishing condition of the Society were read and referred to a committee. Three years ago the society owed $2,387, now only in debt $500. In the mean time have added several hundred dollars to value of buildings and fixtures. The receipts of the Fair 1880 were $3094,57. Mr. Joslin has been Secretary seven years and has put in a large amount of hard work. He has made a good record. The single drawing of 225 orders for one fair is only a small part of the duties of the office.

PERSONALS.

Prof. Estabrook was in town Monday.

Misa Etta Schaffer spent last Sabbath in this city.

Miss Lutia Earl has returned from her visit, and busily engaged in her school duties as teacher.

Miss Carrie Earl has gone to spend the winter with her sister in Hersey.

The new Sheriff has appointed Mr. Henry W. Martin of this city, one of his deputies.

Mr. Henry Carpenter of Montana Ter. who has been visiting his brother-in-law Mr. H. S. Boutel, formerly clerked it for Mr. S. Post.

Hon. A. J. Sawyer and E. P. Allen were Sen. Baldwin's backers at Lansing, from this county.

Miss Nannie Towner, a member of the last graduating class is teaching in the public school at Utica.

Wright Spencer of Newton, Kansas, can't keep away from Ypsilanti long. Just so with every Ypsilantian. He spent the Holidays here.

Prof. George is the President of the State Teachers Association.

Miss Bessie McLouth is now out of school on account of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

The familliar face of Levant Judd is again seen in the Postoffice. He has returned from Toledo to take his old position vacated by Burt Boyce in order to resume his studies in school.

Henry S. Boutell, left for Lansing Monday evening, to aid in the senatorial contest. Visiting his place Monday, we saw one of the best arranged premises for keeping stock in the county.

Mrs. Blanche Rice Wood, and family, spent New Year's with her mother, Mrs. C. H. Wallace, on Cross street.

Mr. Orson Cody has returned to his western home.

Mrs. C. J. Worden sends a subscription from Denton, Texas.

ROSE EYTINGE AT THE OPERA HOUSE TUESDAY NIGHT JAN. 11.

The Press speaks in flattering terms. From the Balimore *Sun.*

Miss Eytinge is an actress of much emotional power, and the strong points in the character which she assumes were brought out in a most artistic manner.

The Baltimore *Gazette* says:

Miss Eytinge is a thorough artiste, and deserves in every respect the favoritism which she has won. As the loving, tender, mother, so solicitous for the happiness and welfare of her child; so wrung by contending emotions, as a woman of purity and honor, when her husband commits the murder of which she is an unwilling and horror-stricken witness, she comes out strongly; and the scenes between herself and Pierre were striking in artistic detail and business and thrilling in interest.

Nottingham *Journal* says:

Mr. Cyril Searle possesses the great gift of spontaneity. While he is on the boards, the scene never flags. A more delightful bit of comedy than the courttng scene in the second act we have never witnessed, and the closing scene in contrast, was intensely tragic, natural and powerful.

From the *Morning Star*, Wilmington, N. C.

"Led Astray" is a society play containing highly interesting scenes. The unities are well preserved, and all moves on to the appointed end with dramatic precision and cumulative interest. The style of the play is decidedly good, and the conversations are sufficiently terse and animated. The play is lively and amusing at times, but it is not continously powerful. There is a gradual rise of climaxes, which afforded Miss Eytinge fine opportunities of giving rare pathos and force to some of the scenes in her very striking personation of *Armand Chandoce.*

The Baptist ladies will commence a series of socials. The first to be held next week Friday evening, at Mrs. Wells Burt. All are cordially invited to come and a good time is promised.

SEC'T.

Letters remaining in the P. O. Jan. 7th:

G. H. Allen,	Mr. Anelica,
Estella Bowers,	Rev. J. H. Cochrane,
Edward Dowd (2)	H. T. Gross,
Mr. Jonas,	Miss Susa Johnson,
Flora Malsam,	James Masters,
Wm. Ran,	Gilbert Rich,
Eli Shabnaw,	James Stevens,
Alic St. Charles,	Donald Steele,
Mary Sutton.	

Officers of Excelsior Chapter No. 25:

C. F. R. Bellows, H. P.
Albert Crane, K.
Murrey Holmes, S.
George Flowers, C. H.
Howard Stephenson, P. S.
A. F. Burbank, R. A. C.
A. H. S. Curtis, M. 3d V.
E. Hewitt, M. 2d V.
Geo. Allen, M. 1st V.
John Flower, Treasurer.
P. W. Carpenter, Secretary.
Geo. Kishlar, G.

Officers of Phœnix No. 13, F. and A. M.:

J. P. Vroman, W. M.
P. W. Carpenter, S. W.
Howard Stephenson, J. W.
John Flower, Treasurer.
E. Hewitt, Secretary.
John W. Spoor, S. D.
A. W. S. Curtis, J. D.
J. Worden and C. C. Vroman, Stewards.
Geo. Kishlar, T.

SOMERVILLE — MOORE — On Tuesday afternoon, MISS HANNAH MOORE, of South University avenue, to MR. J. F. SOMERVILLE, of Pennsylvania, by Rev. Wyllys Hall.

"Fill her bustle full of sponges,
Sister's going out to skate;
She will need their yielding softness
When she tries the figure 8."
—*John N. Bailey, in the Argus.*

Don't fill his empty head with sponges,
Leave him to his sad, just fate;
He'll not "need their yielding softness,"
When J. F. bangs him on his pate.
—*The skulking anonymous scribbler of the Register.*

Tie those blockheads both together,
Label them with neatest care,
Place them safe from sun and weather,
In that new Museum rare.
—*Sentinel.*

Poetry is not our hold, but we leave it to our readers if the entire trio of scribbler-poets are not "blockheads" well met.

From Scribner & Co.

LITERARY NOTES.

"A FAIR BARBARIAN," BY MRS. BURNETT.

Scribner's Monthly is about to do a thing perhaps without precedent in our magazines, namely, reprint a serial story which has already run through six numbers of another American magazine.

The serial of Mrs. Burnett, "A Fair Barbarian," which is announced for the "Midwinter Number," is said to be altogether the brightest and most amusing this popular author has ever written.

It will occupy two or three numbers only of *Scribner's*, the first installment covering about twenty-three pages. It has been printed already in six numbers of annother magazine, with a large circulation, but with an entirely different circle of readers.

There is at least one recent Parisian precedent for such a course as *Scribner* has adopted. A novel by a popular French writer, written the last year or two, appeared in a prominent daily paper as serial. After this it came out in book form, and when it had reached a sale of some forty or fifty thousand, one fine morning this very novel was announced far and wide as the leading serial of a daily newspaper, *Le Petit Journal*, which, as every one knows who has read its gigantic sign on the sides of the seven-story Paris houses, boasts the unequaled circulation of 650,000 copies daily.

Mrs. Burnett has revised her story for its re-appearance in *Scribner*, but has made no material change in it.

THE NEW YEAR'S ST. NICHOLAS.

The January issue of *St. Nicholas*, "the New Year's number," will be published on Tuesday, December 28th, giving the young people time to forget a little the glories of "the wonderful Christmas number." Among the contents are several capital things which were crouded out of December. "Bright Eyes," the young Indian girl, makes her first contribution to literature in a charming story of Indian child-life. There is an account of "The Children's Fan Brigade," another of the novel entertainments for children's festivals which have been suggested in the pages of *St. Nicholas*; "Every Boy His own Ice-Boat," describing a splendid new sport for all skaters; the first of Mrs. Clara Erskine Clement's "Stories of Art and Artists," which are to be one of the special features of *St. Nicholas* during the coming year; one of Frank R. Stockton's funniest fairy stories, a poem by H. H. Boyesen, pictures grave and gay, continuations of the serials, etc., etc. The issue rivals the Christmas number in good things.

The London correspondent of the New York *Times* writes as follows to that paper, under date of December 2d:

"As an example of English good feeling toward American work, *Scribner's Magazine* for November reached a sale of over 15,000 copies, a circulation larger than *Cornhill*, *Macmillan*, *Belgravia*, *Fraser*, *Blackwood*, or the *Contemporary*. * * The portrait of Gladstone in *Scribner* has given great satisfaction to the premier's family and friends."

For Additional Local see Fourth Page.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

—RE CAPPING. (Hammers recovered.) Tuning, regulating, and general repairing of pianos, making them nearly as good as new. Also organs and melodeons tuned, cleaned and repaired. Satisfaction guaranteed. Orders left at E. Samson's drug and book store will receive prompt attention. H. W. Samson. 872-3m

THE COMMERCIAL.

Good Will to Man—Onward and Upward.

SATURDAY, January 8, 1881.

Government officials are of the opinion that three per cent government bonds can now be swung at par.

The story that Gov. Baldwin had ever said "That farmers were unfit for public trust" has been squelched. It was a pure canard.

The Legislature, Edwin S. Hopkins of Bellevue is the lucky man for Secretary of the Senate. Assistant Secretary Chas. Hopkins, Detroit. Sergent-at-arms, Wm. Crossett, Ionia; Seth C. Moffat, Grand Traverse, is elected speaker of the House. D. L. Crossman, Clerk; Wm. K. Childs, Washtenaw's representative walked over the course for Sergeant-at-arms.

Hon. Deloss Philips has been favorably mentioned by several Journals for Railroad Commissioner. We endorse the nomination. He is a first class business man and interested in this great department of transportation. There is not an appointment in the gift of the Governor that requires a clearer head.

A Northern man goes down south and tells some one he has been treated kindly. Immediately a score of fellows want to drink with him. But let the same man settle there and try to work for the Republican ticket, and the same fellows would "shotgun" him into the opinion he had better not.—*Post and Tribune.*

Just where the shoe pinches, a tour through the south and republican voters have widely different treatment. The testimony of the first is not worth a copper. The latter knows what he is talking about.

Truth has come out in an open letter to Gen. Garfield, confessing that the Morey letter was a forgery. It begins:

To Jas. A. Garfield, President elect.

SIR.—After a searching investigation in which we have spared neither time, energy nor expense, we have traced the Morey letter to its origin and ascertained that it is a forgery. This acknowledgement is due to you from the journal in which that letter first appeared. It is made voluntarily and as an act of simple justice.

It can't be possible that the Democratic leaders will attempt a revolution and undertake to prevent Gen. Garfield being counted in, after the pronounced majority of the electoral votes on the part of the electoral college. It looks as if they contemplated something by voting [illegible] carrying out the constitutional method. They cannot possibly prevent the inauguration of General Garfield. Senator Edmunds has served notice upon the Senate that the inauguration shall be, and the patriotic masses of the country will sustain him.

Gov. Jerome, in the presence of a few friends, took the oath of office. Chief Justice Marston administered the oath. Gov. Croswell then said:

Governor Jerome—I congratulate you upon your accession to this office, and now pass it over to you with all its responsibilities. My earnest wish is that your administration may redound to your own credit, and to the honor, prosperity and advancement of the State.

Gov. Jerome responded by saying:

Governor Croswell—I can simply say that I accept the trust with all its duties, and I only hope to maintain the same standard of official integrity and ability that have characterized the administrations of my predecessors, especially the last.

THE POPULAR VOTE.

The popular vote for President will soon be tabulated and published from official sources. Meanwhile the best report we have seen was published in the Chicago Inter-Ocean, based upon figures collected by a committee of Congressmen at Washington from the secretaries of State in all the 38 States of the Union. The totals show 4,466,272 for Garfield, 4,456,382 for Hancock; plurality for Garfield, 9.890. Weaver, greenbacker, received 309,249; Neal Dow, prohibitionist, 9,834; and there were 9,759 scattering. The total vote of the country is 9,251,406. 18 States voted for Garfield and 20 for Hancock, but the Garfield States cast almost three-fifths of the electoral votes and five-sevenths of the popular votes. The old slave-holding States gave Hancock a large majority, but in many of them the election was a miserable farce. Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, South Carolina and Virginia, all show an unnatural falling off of votes from 1876, owing to the smothering of Republican suffrages, while every State which supported Garfield, with perfect freedom for Democratic suffrages, shows a healthful increase in the totals. The States which did not hold slaves gave Garfield 534,390 plurality. The heaviest plurality in any State was 98,535 for Hancock in Texas, the "refuge of rascals;" and the next heaviest was 78,026 for Garfield in Iowa, where the school houses are only a mile apart. The total vote for Weaver is nearly 500,000 less in the whole country than it was in 1878. "Fiatism" is a flat failure, and the demagogues and firebrands are commencing a war upon all protective tariffs, as the next method of lifting themselves into notoriety. It will not win.—*Lansing Republican.*

OMAR D. CONGER NOMINATED FOR U. S. SENATOR.

A few weeks since THE COMMERCIAL said "There will be no mourning hereabouts if Congressman Conger wins," and there is none. We anticipated his nomination some time since from the fact that he was the second choice of a majority of the Baldwin men. There were seven ballots, as follows:

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
O. D. Conger	32	33	34	36	36	38	59
J. J. Bagley	43	45	44	44	45	48	57
H. P. Baldwin	40	38	38	36	35	30	—
J. J. Woodman	1	--	--	--	--	--	--

The excitement was intense. The first ballot was a disappointment to both the Baldwin and Conger men. The Bagley cohorts stood to their brave, great-hearted leader to the last, —not a man wandered after false gods. Representative Earle, who presented the name of Mr. Conger, closed his speech as follows:

It was said that Mr. Conger was too good a man to be spared from the lower house. The man that can be spared is not the man we want. The man who is to sit in the seat of Lewis Cass and Zachariah Chandler should not be a man who can be easily spared from any other position. He closed by presenting to the caucus Omar D. Conger of Michigan, Omar D. Conger of Chicago, Omar D. Conger of the Republican party, Omar D. Conger of the United States of America. [Applause.]

Gov. Baldwin was nominated by acclamation for the short term.

LANSING, Jan. 5th, 1881.

EDITOR PATTISON—I had five opponents, but swept the board at the first formal whack. Got fifty-one votes in the caucus. Yours, W. K. CHILDS.

The above endorsement, an election for the third time, indicates that Mr. Childs has proved himself a faithful officer—Sergeant-at-arms.

From Our Washington Correspondent.

EL PASSO, N. M. December, 30 1880.

MR. EDITOR:—

In this strange old land of decaying monuments and ancient antiquities, the traveller is constantly confronting evidences of the skill and taste of races who centuries ago occupied this great Mississippi Valley. Who these people were, whence they came, and how or in what manner they were swept out of existence, are facts that are lost in the oblivion of forgetfulness. The Pueblos have a known history dating back 350 years, while the Pecas Cathedral gives evidence of being built in the 13th century. These strange people were sun worshipers, and to-day they keep up the same heathen practices. One of the most novel sights is an Indian funeral. Wandering through the beautiful valley of the Rio Grande, [illegible] while since, in company with a fellow Bohemian, chance as much as anything, led us to the Indian pueblo of Isleta, which nestles on the river's bank a dozen miles from Albuquerque. It is a curious town, resembling a large collection of lime kilns, wherein dwell a good sized branch of the Pueblo family, who, though averse to war and hostilities, are not in the least Americanized. During one of the quiet days of our sojourn, we were attracted to the placita of the town by the immense crowd gathering about a little mud hovel called a chapel. We hurried along with others, exercising that American prerogative of elbowing our way in through the crowd. In front of us, lying on the mud floor, was the corpse, with head reasting on a red bandanna. A happy and peaceful smile was noticable upon his stern and brawny features, and in his hand was firmly grasped, not the sword of state, but instead a large goose feather, dyed in all the hues of the rainbow; upon his brow, not the crown of power, but two or three red and yellow ribbon rosettes. The nethermost extremity of his red cotton shirt (worn as a sack), was festooned with ribbons—yellow, green and blue—and his tawny limbs from joint to moccasin, were swathed in the same. I had observed all these details while the crowd was singing "I want to be an angel" or "Mary had a little lamb," I could't tell which. After the jubilee was over, Mr. Corpse was carried out to the burying field and gently deposited en the ground to await the further action of the burial committee. The grave was of decent dimensions, and after a short chant by the medicine man, who was acting as "charge d' affaires," the deceased warrior was handed down to the two braves who had placed themselves in the grave at either end. They laid him gently to his rest, face to the east, and then climbed out. No sweet flowers were strewn upon his form by affectionate friends, but instead, the heavy earth, seized by a hundred hands, was thrown upon his inanimate form, while the crowd joined in the chorus "Goodbye, my Lover, Goodbye." Let me say at this point parenthetically that I may not have given the hymns correctly owing to my being unable to understand a single word of their language. Shovel soon succeeded the hands, and when the body was covered by about six inches of gravel a brawny brave got down into the grave with a battering post and to my utter astonishment, commenced "settling" the corpse by pounding down the earth with all the strenght of his sinewy arms. While he was performing this aboriginal ceremony the crowd was filing off toward two large pottery jars of water and cleansing their hands, which were reverently held toward the setting sun to be dried. These jars were then brought to the grave and the water emptied in it.

MORE DIRT WAS THROWN IN AND MORE POUNDING DONE,

and thus was the grave filled; and deponent further witnesseth that that Indian was so successfully planted that he will have a poor show of getting out when the last trump shall echo in the neighborhood of Isleta.

At the close of these "impressive" exercises, a procession was formed, and at its head the two braves carried the empty water jars. The line marched outside the limits of the town, flanked by my fellow-bohemian and myself, and numerous children, the most of whom, by the way, were clad only in nature's garb. Once out of town, the jars were broken to pieces by the chiefs, and while they were intent on their destruction, the squaw of the deceased, with great show of secresy threw away some Indian bread to feed his hungry soul upon its way to the happy hunting grounds. How it was going to get out of that grave after having been pounded in, is what has since greatly perplexed my Bohemian friend.

Throughout all the ceremony I observed that there was a spirit of interest in the affair which smacked more of curiosity than of sorrow. I was informed that this habit of decorating with ribbons is general among the Pueblo tribe, and that the widow often disposes of twenty or thirty yards, as a contribution to the friends of the deceased. I shall never forget what a peculiar appearance they presented when bedecking a dead man a la Indian.

From Isleta my companion and I wandered South, down the valley of the Rio Grande, which is certainly the most odd and characteristic section of the country I ever saw. It is dotted all over with little mud hamlets, inhabited by the wandering Mexicans who lead a bucolic life and depend entirely for their subsistence on their flocks. Through the valley flows the Rio Grande, unlike any other river in America save a portion of the Arkansas. Its shallowness and quicksands and muddy water are its chief characteristics, and immense flocks of wild fowl are everywhere present. But the climate; what shall I say of it? That it is salubrious and semi-tropical is not enough. It is perfect—balmy as the air under Italian skies. Imagine a place where, as the poet says, it is "Cool but not cold and warm but not hot," and you have a fair idea of the climate of this valley as I have found it during the winter months.

On either side of the valley the mountains are seen far as the eye can reach. What gorgeousness of scenery! It is nowhere equaled, and what makes it more impressive, these mountain ranges are rich in gold and silver. The wealth of the world is in them, and it is waiting for the sturdy adventurers. Hundreds of men are pouring in daily into this region, and as now is the time for first pick, this fact brings many who otherwise would not come. The reason these monntains have not been worked before is that New Mexico has been so far removed from all railroads and markets. But this winter this region has been opened up, and now one can [illegible] without change to the very gates of old Mexico. Hundreds are leaving Colorado to seek richer mines and a more equable climate in New Mexico.

Without a douht, this is the finest chance, and the richest mining region, that the young and energetic men of America have ever had thrown open to them. PARKS.

A Hillsdale mathematician has figured out the ratio of the electoral vote to the popular vote in each State at late election, and his table shows some curious results. Kansas, for instance, has one electoral vote for every 40,244 voters, while Nevada has an electoral vote for each 7,220 voters; in other words, one vote in Nevada counts for nearly as much as six votes in Kansas. The ratio in Michigan was one electoral vote for every 31,985 voters. Had the ratio been uniform throughout the country Michigan would have had 14 instead of 11 votes in the electoral college. As Judge Cooley remarks in his new work: "Of the checks in American government some have proved wholly illusory. This is emphatically true of the electoral college."—*Evening News.*

PROF. WATSON'S WILL.

WHAT HIS BROTHER SAYS ABOUT IT AND HIS HEARTLESS TREATMENT OF HIS MOTHER.

To the Editor of the Pioneer Press:

The Wisconsin *Journal* appears to have considerable trouble to adjust the will of Prof. Watson. The story of his wife's wealth seems to be a hinging point. If such is the fact, I have never been aware of it. However, I know something of Prof. Watson and of his will. His mother does not figure in the Wisconsin Journal. However, the professor owed his existence to her, and probably his success in life. His mother was the prime mover in taking him, a child, from Canada to Ann Arbor, for the sole purpose of giving him better schools. She encouraged him as any mother could. She supported him by her daily labor, until he graduated at Michigan University. Not now referring to the suffering, disappointment and humiliation she has endured the last twenty years, her son, her early hope, now confirms his nature by leaving a will granting his old mother $150 a year, to pay board, clothes, etc., which is absolutely all she has to depend upon.

Prof. Watson was a man of extraordinary intellect; but of his inordinate ambition to distinguish himself before all moral obligation to his family, there can be no better proof than his will. He gave all he possessed to a scientific society, with a view evidently, of still further perpetuating his name.

This is, probably, not of interest to you. Still I would like to see the facts. Nor do I want any use of my home. Still the facts here stated are at liberty to be used, and much more. I was proud of my brother; his ability was an honor to him, and his life a valuable one to be lost. His will is a disgrace to his name. EDWARD WATSON.

SIOUX FALLS, December 14th.

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

This communication from a friend came just too late for last week:

FOR THE COMMERCIAL:

LANSING, December 31st, 1880.

The annual meeting of the Michigan State Teachers' Association adjourned last evening, and it is the common expression that the session was one of the most satisfactory in its history. The papers presented were generally of a practical character, well thought out and ably presented. There was decidedly less than usual of that mystical philosophy of education, which like Coleridge's conversations, everybody is expected to admire and nobody claims to understand. We were not fortunate enough to hear Dr. MacVicar's address, but we hear nothing but commendation of it. Ypsilanti was well represented in the persons of her teachers. I noticed among them Dr. MacVicar, Profs. Daniel Putnam, Bellows, McLouth, Lodeman, George, Pease, and Miss Hoppin of the Normal, and Prof. Mills, of the High School. It was the pleasure of the association to call Prof. George to preside over its interests the coming year, and those who know the gentleman have no fears of any decline in its interests or usefulness under the inspiration of his practical and common sense views of educational matters. Many interesting questions were discussed, which I hope to review in the future. MERACH.

A COLD WINTER.

"Fifty-five years ago on Christmas day," said a pioneer of Michigan to a Bay City reporter, "I hung a thermometer on the outside of my house and the mercury descended into the bulb. It was the coldest winter ever known in Michigan." Previous to this time it was generally supposed that the winters in Michigan were mild, as indeed they had been. Cattle roamed through the openings, subsisting upon the tender twigs and sprouts, and the undergrass in the swamps. It was on this account that the severe winter of 1825 found the settlers unprepared for its severity. They had neglected to secure hay as they might have done from the swamps, and a heavy fall of snow which preceded the cold cut off the usual source of sustenance. The result was that thousands of cattle in the newer settlements perished for want of food and shelter. They were turned loose to shift for themselves and perished from hunger and exposure. A great many hogs which up to that time had run in the woods through the winter, were lost in the same way. The cold came unexpectedly in the latter half of December and remained quite [illegible] severe until the close of February, when winter departed as unexpectedly as it came, and in March unusually pleasant weather prevailed. But the frost king got in his work again in April, and the month was quite cold. The settlers who got their first introduction to a Michigan winter in 1825 were not again caught unprepared.

Those who deem it cold now, with the thermometer at zero, can imagine how cold it must be to drive the mercury into the bulb.

Take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral to stop your Colds, Coughs and Bronchial Affections before they run into Consumption that you can not stop.

Don t Make a Mistake.

Why will you use salves and lotions, and other outward appliances for the cure of skin diseases? The relief thus obtained can only be temporary. Why not strike at the root of all skin diseases by getting your blood and liver in a healthy, vigorous condition? This can only be done effectively and thoroughly by the use of Dr. Guysott's Yellow Deck and Sarsaparilla. 845. 1 yr.

For Thirty Years.

For thirty years Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry has been kept for sale by druggists generally, and in all that time there has not been a single complaint made, but on the contrary the druggists and the people acknowledge it to be the best remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Comsumption; Bronchits, Asthma, and all lung Diseases. 845 1 r.

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(Corrected up to the hour of Publication.

WHEAT, Old	$ 90	@	95
" New	85	@	90
FLOUR, XXX	5 50		
" Snow Flake	6 50		
" Minnesota Patent	8 50		
CORN	40	@	45
OATS	30	@	32
BEANS	75	@	1 25
CLOVER SEED	4 50	@	5 50
POTATOES	40	@	50
APPLES, per bbl	1 00	—	1 35
HONEY, cap	12	—	18
CHEESE	14	—	16
BUTTER, Fancy in tubs	18	—	20
" extra	18	—	19
" crock	18	—	
" rolls	16	—	20
EGGS, per doz	22	—	25
CHICKENS, per lb dressed	6	—	7
" " Spring	8	—	
TURKEYS, " "	9	—	10
PORK, per cwt	4 50	—	5 00
in bbls	14 00	—	15 00
LARD	9	—	10
HAMS	10	—	11
BEEF, in quarter	5	—	6
TALLOW		—	5½
GREEN HIDES	6½	—	7
CURED "	9	—	9½
DEACON SKINS	25	—	40
SHEEP PELTS	40	—	1 00
LAMB PELTS		—	75
HAY, per ton	10 00	—	12 00
WOOL, per lb	35	—	00
LIVE STOCK.			
COWS, Milch	$ 20 00	—	35 00
" Fatted, per lb	3	—	4
STEERS, medium, per lb	3	—	3½
" fatted, 1,200 lbs or over, per lb	4	—	4½
SHEEP, store	2 50	—	
LAMBS	2 00	—	2 50
" fatted, per lb	5	—	
HOGS, store, per lb	4	—	
" fatted, "	4½	—	
BUCKWHEAT	60	@	

$500

Will be paid by Dr. A. G. OLIN, for every case of Private or Chronic disease he undertakes and fails to cure. Send two stamps for "Guide to Health." Marriage Guide for the million, either sex, 50 cts. Reliable Female Pills, $5 a box. A quiet home for ladies during confinement. Rubber Goods and circular of important information by express, 50 cts.

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FASTEST TIME.

No horse has ever made fast enough time but what it will be liable to be beaten sometime, for Kendall's Spavin Cure is sure to limber up the joints and leave thousands of spavined horses as sound and limber as a colt, and it has been used with such remarkable results for every kind of blemish or lameness on beast or man, that every person owning a horse with stiff joints or any blemish, should use it. Read advertisement for Kendall's Spavin Cure.

SHAKESPEARE REVIVED.

To ache or not to ache that's the question. This cheerful conundrum, ye rheumatic sufferrs, is by no means as difficult as a proposition in Euclid. Try Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil and you will find it just as easy not to ache as to ache.

Inventors employing attornies familiar with practice in the Patent Office, rarely fail of securing patents. Experience ensures success in prosecuting contested entries and Mineral Land claims before the General Land Office. Long practice gives success in securing pensions.

Presbrey & Green, attorneys, 509 Seventh street, Washington, D. C. have had long experience in all branches of practice before the Departments.

Parties having business should address them (enclosing stamp) for information. 860

Now is the Time.

Don't wait until you are nearly dead and bed-ridden. Don't wait until you have found, to your sorrow, that mineral poisons and alcoholic stimulants, bitters, etc., will aggravate diseases of the blood, kidneys and liver. But now, before another day passes, make haste to procure and use Dr. Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla. It never fails to cure all bloud and skin diseases, all liver complaints and urinary troubles. 845 1 yr.

—My use of your "Sure Cure" is so very satisfactory that I am recommending it to others. MRS. GILMAN WARREN,
Aug. 8, '80. Webberville, Mich.
Manufactured by DOBYN & MITCHELL, North Middle Town, Kentucky. 864-3m.

Old, Tried, and True.

Remember Dr Guysott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is not a new, untried compound. It has stood the test of forty years' use, and has proven itself to to the best vegetable compound ever discovered for curing scrofula, syphilitic disorders, skin and blood diseases, liver complaints, urinary troubles, etc. 845. 1 yr.

Stop That Cough.

If you are suffering with a severe cough, cold, asthma, bronchitis, consumption, hay fever, loss of voice, tickling throat, or any affection of the throat or lungs, use DR. KINGS NEW DISCOVERY for Consumption. This is the great remedy that is causing so much excitement by its wonderful cures, cures thousands hopeless cases. Over one million bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery have been used duthe last year, and have given satisfaction in every instance. We unhesitatingly say that this is really the only sure cure for throat and lung affections, and can cheerfully recommend it to all. Call and get a trial bottle for ten cents, or a regular size for $1.00. For sale by Frank Smith, Ypsilanti. 859-1y. alt. 4.

Michigan Central Railroad.

With its connections at Chicago, affords the most direct and desirable route of travel from Michigan to all points in Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Texas, Minnesota, Dakota, Manitoba, etc. Michigan Central trains make sure and close connections at Chicago with through Express on all western lines. Rates will always be as low as the lowest. Parties going West this Spring will find it to their interest to correspond with Henry C. Wentworth, General Passenger and Ticket Agt. of the line, at Chicago, who will cheerfully impart any information relative to routes, time of trains, maps, and lowest rates. Do not purchase your tickets nor contract your freights until you have heard from the Michigan Central.

Tickets for sale at the depot by the agent, A. S. Mallory.

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WOLCOTT'S OLD STAND,
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I have opened a Harness Shop in Milan, and will keep on hand a full Stock of

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CURE YOUR BACK ACHE

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Is a MARVEL of HEALING & RELIEF.

Simple, Sensible, Direct, Painless, Powerful.

It CURES where all else fails. A Revelation and Revolution in Medicine. Absorption or direct application, as opposed to unsatisfactory internal medicines. Send for our treatise on Kidney troubles, sent free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail, on receipt of price, $2. Address—

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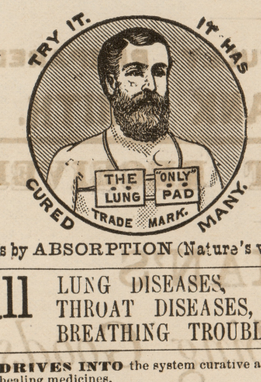

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ONE DOLLAR PER DAY.
SINGLE MEALS 25 CENTS.
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I have the agency of Two Good Fire Insurance Companies. The
AURORA,
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NEW YORK ALLIANCE,
of New York, with a Net Surplus of about One and One-Half Million Dollars.
I am authorized to take risks on reasonable terms and agree that Losses will be fairly and quickly adjusted.
JOHN BOYCE.
Ypsilanti, Sept. 1st, 1880. 1 Jan 81

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If you want Pure Bread, made from the best Minnesota Spring Wheat Flour, and Deubel's New Process, containing no alum, or anything deleterious to health you can obtain it at
HASKIN'S BAKERY,
At the Depot.
He also keeps on hand a full stock of Flour and Feed, and Groceries.
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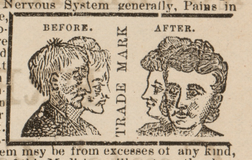
Dr. J. B. Simpson's Specific Medicine is a positive cure for Spermatorrhea, Impotency, Weakness, and all diseases resulting from Self-Abuse, as Nervous Debility, Irritability, Mental Anxiety, Languor, Lassitude, Depression of Spirits and functional derangements of the Nervous System generally, Pains in Back or Side, Loss of Memory, Premature Old Age and diseases that lead to Consumption, Insanity and an early grave, or both. No matter how shattered the system may be from excesses of any kind, a short course of this Medicine will restore the lose functions and procure Health and Happiness where before was despendency and gloom. The Specifit Medicine is being usen with wonderful success.



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The American Shoe Tip Co.
WARRANT THEIR
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BLACK TIP
That is now so extensively worn on
CHILDREN'S SHOES
TO WEAR AS LONG AS THE METAL,
Which was introduced by them, and by which the above amount has been saved to parents annually. This Black Tip will save still more, as besides being worn on the coarser grades it is worn on fine and costly shoes where the Metal Tip on account of its *looks* would not be used.
They all have our Trade Mark A. S. T. Co. stamped on front of Tip.
Parents should ASK FOR SHOES with this BEAUTIFUL BLACK TIP on them when purchasing for their children.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

EAST.—2:20, 6:41, 8:55, 10:50 A. M.; 5:23, 5:38 and 10:50 P. M.
WEST—8:20, 10:48 A. M.; 5:05, 7:05, 9:42, 11:02 P. M.
Way freight, west, 5:05 A. M.

DETROIT, HILLSDALE AND SOUTH-WESTERN

Ypsilanti.

FOR HILLSDALE—7:00 Freight & 8:30 A.M.; 5:30 P.M.
FROM HILLSDALE—10:40 A. M.; 5:15, 8:45 P. M.

Saline.

EAST—10:24 A. M.; 4:51 and 7:50 P. M.
WEST—8:15 and 9:02 A. M; 5:57 P. M.

TOLEDO AND ANN ARBOR RAIL ROAD.

The train on the D. H. and S. W. R. that leaves Ypsilanti at 7:00 A. M. connects at Ypsilanti Junction with the train on the T. and A. A. R. R., that arrives at Toledo at 9:30 A. M. Returning, the train leaves Toledo at 0:00 P. M. and arrives in Ypsilanti at 8:45 P M.

Post-Office Directory.

Way mail between Ypsilanti and Jackson, and Mich. Air Line, closes at ---- 8:00 A. M.
Through and way mail west, closes ---- 10:30 A. M.
D. H. & S.-W., closes at ---- 8.00 A. M.
Through and way mail east, closes ---- 10:30 A. M.
Through and way mail east, closes ---- 5:00 P. M.
Eastern and Western mail closes ---- 7:30 P. M.

Western mail distributed ---- 8:00 A. M.
Western and eastern mail distributed ---- 9:00 A. M.
Grand Rapids and way mail dist ---- 11:30 A. M.
Eastern mail distributed ---- 9 A. M., 11:30A. M., 6 P. M.
D. H. & S.-W. mail distributed ---- 6:00 P. M.

Belleville stage arrives ---- 9:00 A. M.
Belleville stage departs ---- 9:30 A. M.
Daily except Sundays.

Friends of the *Commercial* who have business at the Probate Conrt, will please request Judge Harriman to send their printing to this office.

From Golden Days.

COUNTY ITEMS.

STONY CREEK.

Rev. D. R. Shier, of Saline, spoke on the subject of temperance at the Methodist Church one week ago last Sabbath evening, to a large and attentive house. Mr. Shier treated them to one of his best, which was well appreciated. The people responded to aid the Constitutional amendment to $37.38. Will be able to make it up to $50, it is thought.

The Methodist and Presbyterian Churches are observing the week of prayer by union meetings.

Some headstones and a monument to Freeman Heath are being put up in the cemetery here.

AUGUSTA.

Mrs. S. E. Mooreman, of Ortonville, Mich., is visiting her mother, Mrs. Ann Brown. She is accompanied by Miss Anna Eaton.

Officers installed at the Augusta Grange Hall, Tuesday, January 4th:

Master—J. Webster Childs.
Overseer—George Moore.
Lecturer—J. P. Ballard.
Secretary—Mrs. E. Fisher.
Treasurer—Asa M. Darling.
Steward—G. M. Brining.
Assistant Steward—Geo. Sanderson.
Lady Assistant Steward—Mrs. Mariam.
Gate-Keeper—Andrew Fisher.
Ceres—Mrs. J. M. Brining.
Pomona—Mrs. Frank Allen.
Flora—Mrs. Hattie Moore.
Chaplain—Mrs. Lizzie A. Childs.

From the Register.

Ex-Sheriff Case will continue to reside in the city.

Sheriff Wallace and family have taken possession of the jail.

John L. Bruleigh, formerly of this city, was presented with a cane last week by the employes of the Chicago tool manufactory, of which he is secretary.

A peremptory mandamus from the Supreme Court was filed at the clerk's office on Thursday, requiring Judge Morris to hear the appeal from the decision of the probate court in the Arnold will case.

Of the supervisors' committee to settle with the retiring county treasurer, only Lee Yost, of Ypsilanti, put in an appearance last week, and the settlement was postponed until to-day, when the board meets.

Lorenzo Davis has entered upon his duties as superintendent of the poor, and for the present his business office will be at his residence on Cemetery street, eighty rods east of the new cemetery.

The circuit court convened yesterday for the January term. There are 44 cases on the calendar, of which nine are criminal, as follows: Wm. Boyce, manslaughter; John H. Ortman, liquor case; Martin Eckerish, assault and battery; Wm. Keating, same; John Sieber, same; John Williams, burglary; A. Wm. Porter, attempt to obtain money under false pretenses (from the county); Joseph Imus, same; Dudley J. Loomis, same.

The records of the county clerk's office for the year 1880 show 310 marriages, as against 370 in the preceding year. The largest number recorded in one month was 52, recorded in December. Of the total number married 296 were white and 14 colored. 31 grooms were younger thon their brides, while 25 were of equal ages. The oldest groom had reached the ripe age of 81, and the youngest was 18 years old. The oldest bride was 66 years of age, and the youngest was only 15. The greatest disparity of ages was found in the marriage of a man of 52 and a woman of 24 years. The combined age of. the oldest couple was 147 years; of the youngest, 35 years. The nativity of the various persons married was as follows: Michigan, 346; New York, 69; Germany, 56; Canada, 31; England, 27; Ohio, 23; Pennsylvania, 11; Indiana, 8; Illinois, 7; Russia and Massachusetts, 4; Scotland, Ireland, New Jersey, North Carolina and Kentucky, 3; Missouri and Virginia, 2; Alsace, Vermont, New Hampshire, Tennessee, Louisiana, Rhode Island, Connecticut, California, Iowa, Maryland, Wisconsin, Minnesota, District of Columbia, Maine, and the high seas, 1.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

L. Burnham to A. W. Hardy, village lot 2, Milan; $1,200.

A. W. Hardy to L. Burnham, land, section 34, Augusta; $1,400.

L. R. Culver to D. F. Reeves, 100 acres, section 4, York; $5,000.

Lambert Cool to B. Bertke, 91 acres, section 29, Sharon; $5,460.

Joseph B. Herrick to H. Alsbro, 120 acres, section 8, Salem; $1,369.68.

N. A. Eason to J. K. Boies, 160 acres, section 27, Pittsfield; $8,800.

Wm. Burke to E. W. Codington, 65 acres, section 3, Pittsfield; $5,520.

Robert Lambie to P. Martin, 28½ acres, section 33, Superior; $1,500.

J. Oliver to H. T. Nichols, lot 8, Bennett's addition to Saline village; $500.

J. G. Laubengayer to David Ehnis, Jr., 180 acres, section 14, Lodi; $10,800.

From the Courier.

The Toledo, Ann Arbor & Grand Trunk R. R., not being able to complete its northern extension according to contract, because of the early setting in of severe weather has been obliged to ask an extension of the notes given until July 1, 1881. It is to be hoped that the people will be public spirited enough to do this. so that the road may be completed in the spring.

When a boy walks with a girl as though he were afraid somebody would see him, the girl is his sister. If he walks so close to her as to nearly crowd her against the fence, it is the sister of some other fellow.

County Clerk Clark is to have a telephone in his office, which improvement will be in working order in a week or so, it is hoped.

The supreme court has reversed the decision of Judge Morris in the Boyden will case, holding that a man who has labored hard and accumulated a property, has the right to dispose of the same as he sees fit. Which decision will commend itself to the good sense of the people.

Cases have been made out against several saloon keepers, we understand, for breaking the law in selling liquor on Christmas day.

THE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION AND THE DIPLOMA POLICY.

FOR THE COMMERCIAL.

I believe there was never an organization more loyal to the interests of any cause, than the Michigan State Teachers' Association to that of the University. The spirit of their discussions has sometimes been so extreme in this respect as to impress outsiders that they were inspired by a blind subserviency rather than by an enlightened and just discrimination. It is not strange then that, at their recent session, the bold and spirited criticism of some points of the University's policy, on the part of one of the alumni, elicited marked symptoms of popular approval, but it is a little strange, yet quite natural, that the representatives of the University present, and a few of its admirers, should be thrown into such a flutter of excitement, and betray so much feeling, when the wisdom of their policy should be called in question. The occasion referred to was that of the reading of a paper by Prof. French of Kalamazoo on the Diploma System by which students are admitted to the University without examination. Without passing any opinion on the merits of the policy myself, still I feel warranted in saying, that there is a wide-spread feeling in the State that the policy is a bad one. In the first place a young man or woman who feels himself prepared for the University work should have no fear in subjecting himself to the test of his scholarship before an enlightened, just, and generously disposed board of examiners, such as he would meet in applying for admission to the privileges of a great institution like the one in question. A young man, on applying for admission, should lay aside his childish instincts of fear, which is the first step towards assuming his place in the world of honorable strife which falls to the lot of every true man. If he is timid and easily embarrassed, and cannot lay aside the weakness, he should at least conquer it. He must do it if he succeeds in reaching the highest type of success. To shrink from the first test of his scholarship is to encourage a course of conduct which will end in a life of shrinking from responsibilities. Better by far, for the candidate to demand admission by right of scholarship, than to climb up some other way and hold his place by the endorsement of another who must be actuated by a diversity of motives begotten, unconsciously, it may be, by long and agreeable association, in preparatory work. On the part of the University, the character of whose work will be estimated by the stamp of men they put into the activities of the world, it is better to apply the measure of a just standard to the individual applicant than to base a judgment of the fitness of the applicants in mass, on the estimation in which they may hold the teacher who endorses them. I believe that no committee, be they ever so wise, can justly estimate the outcome of the year's work, by a few hours' observation of the workmen. Then, too, it savors too much of political methods. What means this call for civil service reform, this demand for examinations as a test of fitness for civil office, except that the old system of appointment on recommendation of friends has been fraught with grave abuses? And will any one say that a similar system of preferment in our school work is removed from these liabilities? I believe that no true man would knowingly sow the seeds of popular distrust in the institution of which we are so justly proud, by intimating that wrong or injustice is done by the eminent men who constitute its faculty. It is nevertheless a fact that this diploma policy opens a wide door to this very thing. It may be possible that a committee can form a just estimate of the work done in a school by a transient visit, but you cannot make the people believe it, and when that committee, through some subtle and obscure evolution of judgment approve one school and reject another, those left out in the cold very naturally attribute motives which, it is true, may make no figure whatever in the final decision, but which, nevertheless, do make a large figure in the minds of the community supporting the rejected school. It is no uncommon thing to hear it urged that an unfavorable decision is made because, forsooth, certain text books are not used by the authorities of the school in question, that the teachers are not graduates of the University, and so on. Whether there is any sort of foundation for this opinion I am not prepared to say. It may be on the plane of a political judgment inspired by mortifying defeat. Whatever be the truth, it cannot be denied that some of the eminent men of the faculty are exposed to this style of attack, and whether justly or unjustly, it is used against them to alienate influential sections of the University's constituents, and so it would seem far better for the University that it should enter into no complications where an evil-minded man even could sow the seeds of a baneful harvest by urging that men in the faculty were using undue pressure on our schools for mercenary purposes.

The impressions made by those criticising the paper, tended rather to confirm the position of the essayist than otherwise. The choice of language with which to clothe our ideas is very much a matter of taste, and as our standards of taste differ, a certain latitude is allowable, and though the language of the paper was not what his opponents would have chosen for him, yet I believe there was no occasion for the advocates of the policy he combatted to descend to the low plain of attributing motives to the essayist of which fair-minded men believe him incapable. It is a matter of regret that one who now would have been eminent in our educational work but for the lack of votes, should feel called upon to charge to personal pique what was so plainly the result of protound conviction. In our humble judgment his political prospects would have been much more enhanced by his confining himself to the consideration of the policy instead of attempting to break a lance with the essayist who was commendably ignorant of the plan on which he chose to make his attack. The same remark will apply to other eminent members, from whom one would hardly expect anything so unworthy. The remarks of the representatives of the faculty, however, offered a pleasing contrast to all this, as they were gentlemanly, and in every way in keeping with the dignity of the great interests they spoke for. On the whole, I believe the paper will do good. At least, it was a thought generator, and will lead to the careful retraversing of the subject, and I trust to a better policy. MERACH.

THE HEREAFTER.

THE REV. W. H. H. MURRAY ON LIFE AFTER DEATH.

From his Lecture in Boston.

But, if we enter into new bodies, how shall we recognize our friends, for in many cases the new bodies will not look at all as the old ones did. Certainly not. The results of sin and the mischances of the earth will not be preserved, rest assured. He was a dwarf here—he will be tall and shapely there. The misshapement of his skull made an idiot of him here,—the organ of thought shall be adequately accommodated there. A friend leaves our side and is brought back at noon burnt to disfigurement, and we know him through the hideous disguise of the explosion. If we recognize our loved ones when they are made ugly, shall we not recognize them when they are made beautiful? If the eyes of love are not deceived by deformity, think you they shall be deceived by symmetry? Nay! Never fear, we shall know them in their beauty, and because of it perhaps even quicker than we knew them here. But touching this matter of recognition of people in heaven, let me suggest. A great many folks talk of heaven as if it was a spot of such limited extent that they would naturally run against about everybody they ever knew, in a couple of days at the most; nay, some seem to think that all their friends and acquaintances will be drawn up in a row to receive them. I trust this will not be so, in my case at least, for, if some of my friends should be drawn up in a row to receive me, I should certainly run. I have seen so much of them on the earth that I should like to take a rest for a few thousand years before I meet them again. One of the happiest points in my conception of heaven is that it is large enough to enable me to dodge a great many people. That is felicity.

But, though there are many we do not wish to meet, there are those we must meet, or heaven would be less than heaven. Hands that we must clasp; voices we must hear; faces into which we must look once more, yea, be privileged to look forever. I have within me the sweet faith, call it childish, if you please, to believe that by and by the old dear faces will be seen once more; the trusty hands clasped again; the loved voices heard anew, and all the sweet lost things will come sailing back to us, like ships which parted by night and the stroke of tempest, at sunrise, with sails all washed, and fairer than they went, came hurrying back to anchorage. We shall find what we miss by and by.

Death, therefore, is a pefinirion, that is all. All the terror there is in it we put there by our own superstitions. Otherwise it were no more dreadful than going out of a house or crossing a river. There was no superstition or terror in it to the early Christians. For three centuries they looked at it as we look at any event which is constantly occurring and whose significance is fully known. When a man died those who loved him wrote on his tombstone "obit," he has gone out, or "transtulit," he has been borne across, and that ended it. Those matter-of-fact epitaphs in the old catacombs at Rome show the true faith and contradict the theology of the modern church. There is not the least evidence that death is the serious event the church describes it as being; not the least evidence that it produces any change in the character or modifies by a tithe one's spiritual and mental traits. Some results will flow from it. The condition of some it will improve, for it will deliver them out of bodies that have been their bane and torment. The splendid fellow whose love of liquor is hereditary to his flesh shall find the cursed fever in him cooled forever when once he dips beneath the shadowed tide. But the structure of the mind will remain the same on the other side that it is on this side of the grave. Disposition will be unchanged. The unjust will be unjust still, the filthy will be filthy still; and the idea that death can effect the quality of the mind—the idea of passing out of the house in which I now live and taking possession of some habitation now invisible to me—is preposterous.

But a large amount of the teaching given to the people, week by week, in the churches, stands father to this monstrous error, an error which has no sanction in the Scripture, and cannot bare a moment's investigation by any person of common sense, for heaven is the realm of character, and you all know that characters are formed, never created. A man's character is the result of his doing, of feelings persisted in, of activities multiplied so many times into each other that they tabulate a habit. I hold that heaven is the realm of results, results that are reached by the evolution of slowly unfolding processes, and not by the sudden action of the Supreme Being.

The conception that moral education—the moral education of the sinner—stops in each case at death is an error. It must go on. There is no reason why it should not go on. It will go on. Man must know the laws of his being before he can become a law unto himself. Man as a whole, does not learn those laws here in this life; that every one knows. He must, therefore, learn them hereafter. I cannot call this—this schooling that man enjoys in the next world indefinitely—a probationary state. I call it an educational state. It is not a period of trial; it is a period of schooling. He is not being weighed in the balances; he is learning how to weigh himself. The flower is not being pronounced upon; it is having centered upon it such solar influences, it is being fed at the root with such divine moistures as are needed to push it forward to its blossoming.

Do you think men are to be lost? Let some other man say so; not I. I will not help by the pressure of an ounce to roll the wheel of such a Juggernaut doctrine over the prostrate masses of my race. Do you think that man's chances are to be strangled at the grave simply because they had no chance up to that point? Do you think that throned benevolence will not utilize eternity in their behalf? Only one in a thousand, morally, has had any chance here. Are the 999 to have no chance in the hereafter? Chance? Of course they will have a chance. Life is continuous—continuous as a river that flows on forever without finding stoppage. And opportunity to grow—to become wise, to refine and exalt one's self—is and must be as continuous as life.

SUCCESSOR TO DR. SEARS.—The *National Baptist*, in speaking of a successor to the late Dr. Barnas Sears, secretary of the Peabody Fund, says the place should be filled by a man of national reputation an enthusiast in popular education, one of broad mind, and judicial and unbiased character, who will act for the best good of both races and of all classes in the South, and names Dr. J. M. Gregory of the Illinois Industrial University, as a man having these qualifications. "So say we all" in Michigan.—*Michigan Christian Herald.*

THE COMMERCIAL says amen.

NO CURE NO PAY.

Dr. Pierce's Family Medicines are guaranteed to cure, for particulars see wrappers and pamphlets. They are reliable, have not sprung into popularity in a week or month and gone out of favor as rapidly, but being sustained by merit, have won a world wide reputation, necessitating a branch in London, to supply foreign countries, while the home sales are enormous throughout the United States. Golden Medical Discovery, purifies and enriches the blood, preventing fevers, and curing all skin and scrofulous affections stimulating the liver to action, relieving billiousness, and curing consumption, which is scrofula of the lungs If the bowels are costive take Pierce's Pellets. Both sold by druggists.

CHICAGO, Ill., May 5th, 1879.
World's Dispensary Medical Association:

GENTLEMEN—For years I have been a great sufferer. My trouble first started with terrible ague chills and constipations. This left me in 1878 with a racking cough and frequent bleedings from the lungs. Since this time I have been continually doctoring, consulting physicians without number. From them I received no benefit or encouragement. The most noted physicians of our city who last visited me expressed their opinions in the brief but hopeless words, "Take good care of yourself the few days you have to live, we cannot help you." I grew steadily worse under their treatment. One day, through reading your Memorandum book I learned of the Golden Medical Discovery. With but little hope of relief, I purchased a bottle and took it. To my surprise and satisfaction it did me more good than all the drugs I had taken the year around. I am now steadily using it with benefit and recommend it to all to be just what it is advertised. Sincerely yours,

JAMES P. MCGRATH.
50 Wight Street.

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

The Hop Bitters Manufacturing Company is one of Rochester's greatest business enterprises. Their Hop Bitters have reached a sale beyond all precedent, having from their intrinsic value found their way into almost every household in the land.—*Graphic.* 877—2w.

The most sensible remedy, and the only safe, sure and permanent cure for all diseases of the liver, blood and stomach, including billious fevers, fever and ague, dumb ague, jaundice, dyspepsia, etc., is Prof. Guilmette's French Liver Pads, which cures by absorption. Ask your druggists for this noted cure, and take no other, and if he has not got it or will not get it for you, send $1.50 to French Pad Co., Toledo, O., and they will send you one post-paid by return mail.

Look at the toes of children's shoes offered when you are buying, and see that they have the A. S. T.Co.'s Black Tip upon them. Trade mark A. S. T. Co. always on front of tip.

W. R. Tappan, Contractor and Builder, Toledo, Ohio, says:—An Excelsior Kidney Pad relieved me of pain in the side of fifteen year's standing. Please send me another Pad. See Adv.

Says one 'Kendall's Spavin Cure is the best liniment for human flesh I ever used and thousands have extolled it in similar terms. See their Advertisement.

Why will men allow themselves to suffer and their noble horse when 'Kendall's Spavin Cure applied properly will remove all suffering from man and beast. See Adv.

NO MORE NAUSEOUS DRUGS.

For nauseous drugs, no use there soon will be,
For Salts, Magnesia, senna no pretence,
Dispensing Chemists, all men will agree,
To view, as things with which they may dispense,
But when Dyspepsia assails, then is the time to try,
Spring Blossom's virtue as a remedy.
Prices, 50c., trial bottles 10c.

OVER THE HILLS TO THE BONE YARD.

Straight to the boneyard people go who neglect too long the danger signal of approaching consumption, a hacking cough. But with Dr. Thomas' eclectric Oil for a safeguard the peril is averted. It is a superlatively fine remedy also for rheumatism, piles, soreness, hurts, etc.

New Advertisements.

SITUATION WANTED by a Competent Baker.
Address—Box 536, Ypsilanti, Mich.

OFFICES TO RENT in Laible Block.
870 Enquire of E. LAIBLE.

WE will Exchange a few of the Improved Granite State Corn Shellers for Corn, Oats, or Hay.
869-w PHILO FERRIER & SON.

MONEY TO LET on Good Farm Mortgages, in Sums of $1,000 and upwards on easy terms. Address—
BEAKES & CUTCHEON,
808-3m. DETROIT.

MRS. O. E. WEBBER
Has opened dressmaking rooms in the building on west side of Cross street bridge. Ladies of Ypsilanti and vicinity are invited to call. Remember the place. Satisfaction guaranteed.

OLD PAPERS FOR SALE!
FOUR FOR A CENT! At the residence of C. R. PATTISON, corner of Huron and Cross sts.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the HIGHLAND CEMETERY ASSOCIATION of the city of Ypsilanti, will be held at the First National Bank, *Monday Evening, January* 10, 1881, at Seven o'clock, at which Meeting Officers for the ensuing year will be elected, and such other business transacted as may properly come before the meeting.

THOMAS NINDE, President.
F. K. REXFORD, Clerk.
Ypsilanti, January 3rd, 1881.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss
County of Washtenaw,

In the matter of the Estate of George A. Cook and Jay Cook, Minors.

Notice is hereby given, that in persuance of an order granted to the undersigned guardian of said minors, by the Hon. Judge of Probate for the County of Washtenaw, on the Fifth day of January, A.D. 1881, there will be sold at Public Vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the building known as the Rawsonville Flouring Mill, in the village of Rawsonville, in the County of Wastenaw, in said Estate, on Wednesday, the Twenty-Third day of February, A.D., 1881, at Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of that day, (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the sale, all the right, title and interest of said minors of, in and to the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All the following described lands, situated in the township of Ypsilanti, village of Rawsonville, Washtenaw county, Michigan, and described by commencing on the north bank of the Huron river, two chains and seventy-five links west of the east line of section twenty-four, in said township, and running thence north three chains and thirty links to the north line of Water street, so called, in Bradshaw's addition to the village of Rawsonville, aforesaid, thence west along the north line of said street, seventy-five links to the south-east corner of village lot 129 in said addition, thence north, parallel with county line to the north-east corner of lot 125, thence west along the south line of Huron street to the north-west corner of land heretofore deeded by W. B. Clark to Thomas W. Forsyth, thence north to the north-west corner of land heretofore deeded by said Clark to David Dickerson, thence west to the west line of the east half of the north-east fractional quarter of said section, twenty-four, thence south to the Huron river, thence south-easterly along the bank of said river to the place of beginning.

And also lot one hundred and thirty-one, in the village of Rawsonville, aforesaid. This description, including lots number one hundred and twenty six, one hundred and twenty-seven, and one hundred and twenty-eight, in said village, being the lots deeded to said Clark by Isaac N. Conklin, May 14, 1853, excepting and reserving from this description the following parcels of land, viz: A lot four rods by eight rods deeded by said Clark to the School District, and known as the School House lot. Also a lot four rods by ten rods, heretofore deeded to Frank Prince by said Clark. Also a lot ten rods by sixteen rods deeded by said Clark to Jeremiah Hewitt. Also a lot four rods by ten rods, deeded by said Clark to Thomas W. Forsyth. And also three lots, each four rods by ten rods, lying on the west side of State street, heretofore deeded by said Clark to other parties, intending to convey by this description all the Mill power, water privileges and riparian rights of said minors connected with the mill and water power at Rawsonville, aforesaid, together with all their interest in land and village lots at Rawsonville, aforesaid.

CLINTON COOK,
Dated January 5th, 1881. 877-6w GUARDIAN.

PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 27th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

Present, William D. Harriman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Richard Williams, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Ancil Williams, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to himself or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the twenty-fourth day January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the city of Ann Arbor, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the YPSILANTI COMMERCIAL a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

WILLIAM D. HARRIMAN.
(A true copy.) Judge of Probate
WILLIAM G. DOTY, Probate Register. 876 3w

MORTGAGE SALE.

By a mortgage executed by Charles W. Ford, mortgagor, to Watson Snyder, mortgagee, bearing date the twenty second day of August in the year Eighteen hundred Seventy-Two, and recorded on the thirtieth day of August, Eighteen Hundred Seventy Two, at ten o'clock A. M., in the office of the Register of deeds for the County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan, in Liber 49 of mortgages on page 287, Charles W. Ford duly mortgaged to Watson Snyder, "All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the city of Ypsilanti and the county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, known and described as follows:

Beginning at a point in the south line of Congress street, formed by the intersection of the east line of Washington street with the south line of Congress street, thence south along the east line of Washington street one hundred and thirty two feet, thence east forty-nine feet, thence north, parallel to the east line of Washington street, fifty-two feet, thence west sixteen and a half feet, thence north, parallel to the east line of Washington street, eighty feet to the South line of Congress street, thence west along the south line of Congress street to the place of beginning."

The amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is twenty-two hundred and eleven dollars, besides the attorney fee of thirty dollars therein named.

Default has occurred in a condition of said mortgage by which the power of sale therein contained has become operative, and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof,

Notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of said mortgaged premises at public vendue, to the highest bidder, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, which sale will be made on the fourteenth day of December, A. D. 1880 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the South front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor in said County, said Court House being the place of holding the Circuit Court within said County.

Dated, September 11th, 1880.

T. NINDE, Attorney, WATSON SNYDER, Mortgagee.

The above Sale is POSTPONED until the ELEVENTH DAY of JANUARY, A D., 1881, at 10 o'clock A.M., then to be made at the same place last above mentioned.

Dated Dec. 14th, 1880. WATSON SNYDER.
T. NINDE, Atty. Mortgagee.

GEO. W. HAVENS,
Dealer in
Fine Breach Loading Guns,
And
GUN GOODS.
At
J. G. Havens & Bros.'
17 Congress Street, Ypsilanti.

WHITE LILY SOAP, IS NOW IN THE MARKET.
The Old Reliable Brand of Mc. BRIDE'S "WHITE LILY" Laundry Soap. Good for use in Hard or Soft Water, and will NOT CHAP the hands.
S. W. McBRIDE & CO., Chicago, Ills. 877-4w

1881.

For the New Year

A. WILLIAMS & Co.,

Propose to make it an object for Consumers of

DRY GOODS

TO

CALL ON THEM.

Having made recent Large Purchases from Eastern Importing Houses,

We are Prepared to give you the

LARGEST STOCK!
BEST GOODS!
LOWEST PRICES!

EVER SHOWN IN THIS MARKET.

A. WILLIAMS & CO.,

THE BEST REMEDY

FOR

Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

In diseases of the pulmonary organs a safe and reliable remedy is invaluable. AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is such a remedy, and no other so eminently merits the confidence of the public. It is a scientific combination of the medicinal principles and curative virtues of the finest drugs, chemically united, of such power as to insure the greatest possible efficiency and uniformity of results. It strikes at the foundation of all pulmonary diseases, affording prompt relief and rapid cures, and is adapted to patients of any age or either sex. Being very palatable, the youngest children take it readily. In ordinary **Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Influenza, Clergyman's Sore Throat, Asthma, Croup, and Catarrh,** the effects of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL are magical, and multitudes are annually preserved from serious illness by its timely and faithful use. It should be kept at hand in every household for the protection it affords in sudden attacks. In **Whooping-cough and Consumption** there is no other remedy so efficacious, soothing, and helpful.

Low prices are inducements to try some of the many mixtures, or syrups, made of cheap and ineffective ingredients, now offered, which, as they contain no curative qualities, can afford only temporary relief, and are sure to deceive and disappoint the patient. Diseases of the throat and lungs demand active and effective treatment; and it is dangerous experimenting with unknown and cheap medicines, from the great liability that these diseases may, while so trifled with, become deeply seated or incurable. Use AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL, and you may confidently expect the best results. It is a standard medical preparation, of known and acknowledged curative power, and is as cheap as its careful preparation and fine ingredients will allow. Eminent physicians, knowing its composition, prescribe it in their practice. The test of half a century has proven its absolute certainty to cure all pulmonary complaints not already beyond the reach of human aid.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists,
Lowell, Mass.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

FOR SALE!

Two Lots, separate or together. Each 22 by 75 feet. Lots adjoining COMMERCIAL office, on Huron street.

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HAS COME. Dr. Kendall's famous book on that noble animal, The Horse, is now ready for distribution, and all paid up subscribers to March 1st, '81 are entitled to a copy. First come, First served.

When ladies or children want their fine shoes repaired they will do well to go o

L. MLLER.

At the Depot. He makes a specialty of this kind of work, and his prices are low.

Gentlemen, if you desire a substantial as well as a stylish job of repairing, bring your boots or shoes to L. MILLER and he will satisfy you as to work and prices every time. Don't patronize a man who sells shoddy goods and knows but little about the business, but give your work to L. MILLER, a PRACTICAL WORKMAN who thoroughly understands his trade and can guarantee all work done. **Give him a trial. Shop one door west of Haskin's Bakery, at the Depot.** 804

THREE-HORSE WHIFFLETREE S.

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Forty-tooth Harrows with the Celebrated Roller Hinge to Prevent Clogging.

Adjustable Iron Cultivators for Gardeners.

Wagons, Buggies, Etc., Manufactured and Sold by
LANG & MARTIN.
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RHEUMATISM
ABSOLUTELY CURED.
BY THE USE OF
DR. BOSANKO'S
RHEUMATIC CURE,
THE GREAT ALKALINE REMEDY.

Why you have Rheumatism? Because your system is charged with a poisonous **Uric Acid. You can be Cured** by neutralizing this acidity with **Dr. Bosanko's Rheumatic Cure,** a chemically prepared Alkaline, a Specific for Rheumatism. **Will send it post paid.**

PRICE, 75 CENTS. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.
Address THE DR. BOSANKO MEDICINE CO., PIQUA, O.
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INGRAM, Druggist.

Indian Herb Powders.

To make a quart of Medicine guaranteed to cure Humors of the Blood, Dyspepsia, Liver Troubles, Kidney Weakness, or General Debility, sent by mail, post paid, for 25c., or 5 Packages for $1. Address
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ELIXIR

Is a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Whooping-Cough, and all Lung Diseases, when taken in season.

People die of consumption simply because of neglect, when the timely use of this remedy would have cured them at once.

Fifty-one years of constant use proves the fact that no cough remedy has stood the test like *Downs' Elixir.*

Price 35c. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.
For Sale Everywhere.

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Will cure Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaints, Indigestion, and all diseases arising from Biliousness. Price 25 cts. per bottle.
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ARNICA AND OIL LINIMENT
For Man and Beast.

The most perfect liniment ever compounded. Price 25c. and 50c.
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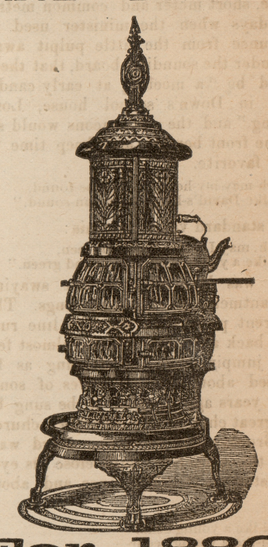

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Improvements in the Most Popular Stove of last year. Call and examine the Westminster before purchasing. A full line of

HEATING STOVES,
—AND—
Favorite Cook Stoves.

A good stock of
SHELF HARDWARE
NAILS, BAR IRON, &c., &c.

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17 Huron Street
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$5 Outfit sent free to those who wish to engage in the most pleasant and profitable business known. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. $10 a day and upward is easily made without staying away from home over night. No risk whatever. Many new workers wanted at once. Many are making fortunes at the business. Ladies make as much as men, and young girls and boys make great pay. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in a week at any ordinary employment. Those who engage at once will find a short road to fortune. Address H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.
864-1yr

The damp weather and chilling winds of the approaching season subjects ALL to exposure, no matter how healthy, we are none the less susceptible to an attack of COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, PLEURISY, SPITTING OF BLOOD, CATARRH of the head, which if not promptly attended to ends in CONSUMPTION.

TOWN'S BRONCHIAL SYRUP is a POSITIVE CURE. With the nominal cost of 75 cents you procure this truly SOVEREIGN remedy.

BRONCHIAL SYRUP is GUARENTEED by all druggists and dealers in medicine to give ENTIRE SATISFACTION. Try it and be convinced of its REAL MERIT.

MARCEAUS LIVER and Anti-Bilious COMPOUND cures all Liver and bilious diseases, purifies the blood, equalizes the circulation and restores to perfet health the enfeebled system.

FARRAND, WILLIAMS & CO.
Agents, DETROIT.

For Sale by Fred Ingram.
842-1yr

THE COMMERCIAL.

[Entered at the Postoffice at Ypsilanti as second-class matter.]

Published every Saturday morning, at the corner of Huron and Pearl streets, opposite the Post Office, Ypsilanti, Mich., by

C. R. PATTISON.

$1.00 per annum; $1.10 if not paid at the end of three months. 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months. Three cents a copy. Payable in advance.

Seven Column Quarto Edition, $1.50.

OLD HYMNS.

There is something quaint and pathetic about the old hymns our grandfathers and grandmothers sang in their deep bass or high falsetto voices, regardless of time or tune, but with a monotonous chanting melody, that was accompanied by the regular rise and fall of a substantial leather sole, which kept time with the leader's tuning fork. Oh! what a great man the precentor of a choir was in those days, with his queue and his dignity, and how the boys fellowed and admired him, as if he were a superior being! His knowledge of music was the feeblest of his accomplishments—he bawled out the old tunes with a volume of voice that left him flat-chested the rest of the week, but he had "taken lessons"—had gone away and come back with a "do-ri-me" that was like another language, and had organized a singing school where the girls ranged down one side and the boys down the other, and tallow candles burned dimly between. It was all music there, among the lads and lasses. The tunes were awfully solemn, and some of the voices squeaked, and the most of them made more noise than melody; but

"Eyes were bright
And hearts were light,"

And there was a music of youth and love that made the rafters of the little schoolhouse ring. We can hear them. Down through the weary years of manhood and womanhood and of mature age, the voices of

"The girl that sung alto, the gitl that sung air,"

Blend with the "jangle of sweet bells out of tune" that ring for us yet in the still midnights of retrospect from the winter nights of long ago. "Dinna ye hear the slogan?" That's "Old Hundred"—dear brave old tune, that the old boys and girls are singing—the Doxology. "All sing:"

"Praise God, from whom all blessings flow,
Praise Him all cre-a-tu-res here below,
Praise him above, ye heavenly host,
Pra-i-se Father, Son, and Holy Ghost."

How the old deacon would throw his head back to let out the "musick," and how he would always sing "critters" and make the boys and girls laugh!

There was old "Coronation," too, a tune and a hymn we have never given up. It was sung slower and more solemnly by the choirs of long ago. Who, that has once heard it, can ever forget it? How the boys and girls started off together on the first two and a half lines:

"All hail the power of Jesus' name,
Let angels prostrate fall;
Bring-forth-the-roy—
Bring-forth-the-roy—
Bring forth the royal diadem
And crown Him Lord of all."

How the bass rung in on that third line with an undercurrent of treble, and then a great wave of tenor and treble and bass that lifted them all up on its mighty crest.

A new hymn tune was looked upon with suspicion in those days of long metre, short meter and common metre, the days when the minister used to announce from the little pulpit away up under the sounding board, that there would be "a meeting at early candle light in Down's school house, Lord willing," and the old deacons would sit on the front benches and keep time to their favorite.

"Oh-may-my-heart-in-tune-be-found,
Like-David's-harp-of-solemn-sound."

A standard verse was this:

"Oh, may I in his courts be seen,
Like a young cedar, fresh and green."

It was like some of the swaying enchantments of plantation songs. The different parts kept the last line running back and forth till one almost felt like jumping up and dancing as he bobbed about on the waves of song. Ten years ago it used to be sung by the great choir in Mr. Beecher's church at Brooklyn, in the same weird way, and the preacher would close his eyes to listen as it rolled over and about him.

"L-i-i-ike a young cedar—
L-i-i-ike a young cedar—
L-i-i-ke a young cedar, fresh and green."

There is something in the stern ruggedness of the old hymns that gives them vitality. There are no if's and and's about them. Their makers believed with Dr. Watts:

"The moment that we die
To hell we sink, or else
To heaven we fly."

A funeral was a great "improving occasion," and the hymns sung were calculated to impress a lesson upon those who heard them.

"Hark! from the tombs a doleful sound,
Mine ears attend the cry,"

Was in constant use; so was one which contained the lines:

"For while the lamp holds out to burn,
The vilest sinner may return."

The old hymns are not fashionable just now, but the time will come when they will all be sung again to the old tunes as something sweet and quaint of long ago. The old singers are nearly gone, too.

"Part of the host has crossed the flood,
And part are crossing now."

When the age of sentiment has passed away with the gospel of gush, and the day of infidelity and rationalism is over, and the world grows tired of the gods so easily made, the old hymns, that have never been equaled in modern song, will reassert themselves

"For why? The Lord our God is good,
His mercy is forever sure;
His truth at all times firmly stood,
And shall from age to age endure."

—*Free Press.*

THE BAD HABIT OF BENEVOLENCE.

Among the bad habits which need reforming is the bad habit of so-called benevolence. It is a sad perversion of one of the noblest human impulses. In a majority of cases it benefits the pushing, the arrogant and the insolent, and injuries the pride of the self-respecting. It nurses the indolence which begot the poverty, and aids in the gratification of the vicious propensities which bred the need of aid. In view of tests and experiments, it is not rash to say that, from the poorhouse to the scores of alms-giving societies, civil and religious, the whole machinery of benevolence, as at present conducted, is a monstrous engine for aggravating the evil it is intended to remedy, a "fire extinguisher" that pours water on burning oil, floating and spreading the conflagration in every direction.

We solace our consciences at the expense of our judgments. We lazily gratify our sympathy with distress by a temporary alleviation of it, and diminish, for the time being, our own suffering at sight of want, by making it a chronic and persistent ill. In fact, a bad habit of benevolence, like many other bad habits, may be indulged in for our own gratification at the expense of theirs. For to make a pauper of a man; to help demoralize him, so as to throw the burden of him upon society, is doing a distinct and grievious wrong, both to him and the community which must care for him.

We know of nothing so woeful, and yet so suggestive, as the lamentations of one popularly known among men as "a very benevolent old lady." In the last sixteen years she has given away $600,000 for benevolent purposes. But for her common sense she would have been deluded by her confidence in the good she had accomplished for the temporal wellfare of the poor, and the eternal welfare of herself. She would have been embalmed in aromatic praise and the spices of obituary eloquence. Her mummied memory would have been canonized in the calendars of philanthropy, and her legendary effigy erected into a model charity, whereby generations of alms-giving pupils might chisel their own characters and careers.

But she has destroyed, beyond all hope of restoration, the beautiful image that it is the custom in such cases to set up. She says she is beginning to ask herself if she has not done more harm than good; that too often, in spite of her efforts to give with discrimination she has encouraged idleness, indolence, and sometimes crime. There are the importunate, honest, toiling poor, who are cast down because they have no chauce to rise, and the lazy, shiftless, thoughtless class, always looking for some one to help them. They demand charity as a right and receive it with ingratitude. If you give them once they come again, and one of them, in being refused, told her she had no right to give at all unless she intended to give more, for she had led him to expect it. They are often reeking with disease, and multiplying with reckless improvidence, forcing themselves upon the attention of the charitable to the exclusion of the deserving. Her investigation of many of the charitable societies had taught her that they were mere pretenses. Their machinery spends ninety-nine cents in distributing one. She is so over run with applicants that she is frequently obliged to change her residence. Her very sensible conclusion is that what is most needed is to teach people to help themselves.

If the excessive and indiscriminate use of alcohol and tobacco, and the vicious indulgence of the passions, which produce pauperism, require correction and restraint, an excessive and indiscriminate distributtion of alms and a weak indulgence of sentimental benevolence that produces pauperism equally need the curb and check of judgment and discretion.—*Free Press.*

Additional Local continued from First Page.

There will be a meeting of the Musical Union at the Union School on Tuesday evening, January 11th, at 8 o'clock, sharp. All members, and others desiring to join, will please attend, By order of

F. H. Pease, President.
J. H. Manning, Secretary.

Sunday Services. — Baptist Church: Morning, "Christian Service." Evening, Usual services. Episcopal: Bishop Harris will preach morning and evening. Confirmation in the evening. The other churches hold regular services.

The bells are jingling.

Justice Griffen's office is next door south of Babbit's office, Van Tyle's building.

The popular Clinton Hall Strategists are to appear at the Opera house again January 18th.

New Year's day was spent quietly in this city. The merchants continued the regular routine of business.

Read the advertisement in another column and then go to Littlefield & Weeks' superb crockery store and *look it through*; remember the reduced prices; examine the choice and elegant goods—then ask yourself if you will ever have again in this city so good an opportunity to purchase as nice crockery and silverware at so extraordinarily low prices.

THE EXIT OFFICERS.

Last week we were at Ann Arbor, and had a pleasant visit at the court house. We found Treasurer Fairchild looking forward to his release with pleasure. He has held the position eight years, elected ten years ago. The term of 1877-8 he was in private life. It is his own choice now, refusing last fall to have his name presented to the Republican convention. Mr. F. has made one of the most populer and able treasurers Washtenaw county has had. We shall not be surprised if the good people of the county say to Mr. Fairchild, we want you again. His residence will be in Ann Arbor. His deputy, Mr. Benjamin Brown, has also proved himself a courteous and efficient officer.

Mr. Chas. H. Manly, Register of Deeds, steps out with thickly-clustering honors. He has made a useful and industrious officer. The *Courier* says "he has employed his spare time in making a complete set of abstract books, 63 volumes in all." He will reside at Ann Arbor, and enter upon the insurance and real estate business.

Mr. Frank Emerick, Prosecuting Attorney for the last two years, has been a thorough going, untiring official. Defeated by a small majority in a county Democratic by hundreds, he feels proud of the endorsement. He said to us that returning to his profession would be "money in his pocket.'

Mr. MacMahon thinks that Ypsilanti Republicans did not do the fair thing by him. Ann Arbor Republicans kicked the traces, too. And so it is with politics. Candidates must run their chances of undeserved defeat.

We didn't see ex-Sheriff Case. He has "done well." Praise enough for any one.

Of those who hold on by re-election, Judge of Probate Harriman is as smiling as ever. His courteous, gentlemanly, painstaking method of conducting business has won him golden opinions, and it was this that insured his re-election by a majority several hundred beyond his party ticket over a popular opponent.

Everett B. Clark, Clerk, with good reason, feels much gratified at the popular approval of several hundred beyond that for Garfield. The people love to do business with him.

If the in-coming officials do as well as the out-going, "all will be lovely on the Potomac." We are expecting first-class records to be made by Mr. C. R. Whitman, for Prosecuting Attorney, and Mr. E. W. Wallace, of Saline, the new Sheriff. Both Democrats, but both personal friends.

NORMAL ITEMS.

The Normal enjoyed quite a good many visitors on Thursday morning.

Mr. C. S. Pierce, who left to teach last November, is expected to be back to school soon.

The society elections will soon take place. Let the students elect a good president for the lyceum, one selected not on account of his cheek, his mind, nor the year of the course in which he is classified, but on account of his ability to organize, to speak, and to take the lead generally.

We have noticed with mortification that some of the student essayists who read after chapel do what is well expressed in the slang phrase, "slinging it on," by coming forward with an affected sort of a stilting walk, more laughable than graceful, and by reading so awfully "kerrect" (?) that a listener is more absorbed in wondering at the pronunciation of the large words, than in digesting what little thought is contained in them. The effort of such a delivery will always be wasted on so common an audience as assemble in Normal hall.

LYCEUM.

Resolved, That bodily labor is a greater source of national wealth than mental exertion.

First essay by Miss Young: The population is divided into two classes, bodily and mental laborers; first-class depends on second, hence nation indirectly depends upon the laboring class. One person may plan, but it takes many to carry out the plan. Mind depends upon body for support.

Second essay by Miss L. Hand: Law is made by people. Good law must be made by intellectual legislators. Welfare of nation depends on good laws; hence welfare of a nation depends on mind, not body. A Universify education is better for a young man than a trade.

First oration on affirmative, by Mr. Morman: Mind directs, body does. It was *work* that built the Normal, not the architect's plans. Labor is the standard of a sound financial system.

Second oration on the negative, by Mr. H. Lockwood: Nation is product of mental man, and not, as some think, of physical. Physical man is not the source of the family, State and nation, but mental man who loves society. Inventions are due to the mind, not the body.

The society was addressed by Messrs. Turner, Fay, Chapin, Shuert, Hewitt and Northmore. As the vote on the question was contested, we cannot give the result.

The week of prayer was observed by three churches. Tuesday evening we were at the Presbyterian. fair attendance, a notable absence of young men. Miss Cutcheon mentioned the prevalence of sin, as indicated by the press, and thought the press was damaging public morals. D. B. Greene mentioned the progress being made by the gospel in overcoming the evil tendencies of sin, the diversity of truth used. In the days of Edwards the Divine sovereignty was preached from the pulpit and with great effect in awakening the conscience and the result a multitude of conversions, for it is true. At a later day how accountability, individual choice was mainly dwelt upon and with like results, for it *is the truth*. Later Divine love and compassion and with glorious results.

Rev. Mr. Richmond thought that we needed more of the Divine love. We were prone to study the Bible, depending rather upon intellectual grasp than spiritual enlightment and hence see small results.

Wednesday evening at the M. E. church, audience room well filled. The leading men were there, young men scarce. The pastor stated that the meeting was dull in comparison with prior evenings. We guessed the reason. The room was cold. Had not been present fifteen minutes before thoroughly chilled. Father Chase of Detroit saye he never knew a man converted with cold feet. We don't believe the prayer meeting can be made interesting unless the sexton has first done his duty. N. M. Thompson analyzed the holding back and urged the attainment of greater spiritual power. Rev. Mr. Bourns thanked Br. T. He enforced the enhanced power of the minister when aided by faithful workers. Hon. Chas. Shier said: A young man had recently stated to him, that he was disappointed in the power of religion. It had not taken away from him the desire to sin as he had expected. His own experience was that, attainments were gradual and that God gave him all the grace he was willing to ask for to overcome the adversary of his soul. One Sister sensibly said, "She loved the church in general and the M. E. in particular".

Thursday evening we were at the Baptist church. Dr. MacVicar and the pastor occupied the time. The Dr. gave a very ingenious and forcible analysis of christian education. It is not simon pure knowledge. "The devils believe and tremble". Fill our boys heads with knowledge and they still lack a christian education. He gave some striking physical illustrations, showing how imperfectly obedient to the will power are the members of the body and so of mind to the spiritual man. A christian education is a subordination of body and mind to to the will of Jesus, Alas, that his feet should take a man backward, to the house of pleasure, even to lectures right in themselves, rather than to the prayer meeting. Rev. Mr. Scott enforced the necessity of christian schools, so that attained knowledge may have a proper bias. The audience room was we l filled. We noted a number of young men.

MARRIED.

PHELPS—JOHNSTON—At Ferndale, Cal., at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev. G. M. Dexter, Prof. N. S. Phelps, principal of the Ferndale schools, and Miss Ida A. Johnston.

Mr. Phelps will be remembered as a graduate of the State Normal School and an Ypsilanti boy.

GRUNER—DAY—December 26th, by Rev. J. H. Scott, Peter Gruner and Louisa Day, both of Ypsilanti.

CRANE—CASE—January 5th, 1881, at the residence of the brides father, Mr. F. Case, Ypsilanti, Geo. Wilson Crane, Pittsfield, to Libbie E. Case, by Rev. John M. Richmond.

HOPKINS—OSTRANDER—January 1st, at Barton house, Ypsilanti, Artimus J. Hopkins to Mary M. Ostrander, by Rev. A. F. Bourns.

DIED.

GREGORY—At Canton, January 6th, 1881, Nathaniel M. Gregory, aged 77 years.

WORDEN—In Green Oak, Livingston Co., December 19th, 1880, Robert Worden, aged 66 years and 15 days. Father of Mrs. E. M. Comstock.

EARL.—In this city, Jan. 2d, of old age, Mr. John Earl, in his 80th year.

Mr. Earl died suddenly last Sunday morning, just four years to a day since the death of his companion, with whom he had lived over half a century. He was born in New Jersey, married in New York city, came to Michigan in 1833. Soon after he moved to Lodi Plains where he remained five years and then returned here. He was the pioneer sash and blind manufacturer. He began in Deacon Post's building, east side of Congress street bridge. Deacon Post manufactured fashionable hats and Mr. Earl first-class sash and blinds. He continued working at the business in various locations in the city until his wife's death, which seemed to break him down. He was the father of twelve children, six of whom survive him. Mrs. John Cody and Mrs. Robert Curtis are daughters. He was a member of the Presbyterian church, earnest and active, always fiilling his place in the sanctuary. Quiet and unobtrusive, without an enemy, he has gone home to associate again with the wife of his youth, and to join the army of the blest.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it, who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle. 866y

For Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis and all affections of the Lungs, take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

—I have given your "Sure Cure" a thorough trial, and had many others to try it, and I most earnestly recommend all suffering with Catarrh to use the "Sure Cure."
July 10, '80. (Elder) E. W. Barnes, Clio, Mich.

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Large Assortment THREAD,
" " WHIPS,
SALT & WATER LIME.

GREAT
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—AT—
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Of their
IMMENSE STOCK
Of
CROCKERY
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SILVERWARE,
UNTIL FEBRUARY 1ST,
AT ACTUAL CASH COST.

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Any person desirous of investing a few Thousand Dollars in a Business, *second to none in the City*, may apply at our Store, and receive full information.

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Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say. Write to them without delay. 835

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Invites your inspection, when you come to the CITY to the most extensive collection of ARTISTIC & USEFUL GOODS that he has ever shown.

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Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

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always Cures and never Disappoints The world's great Pain-Reliever for Man and Beast. Cheap, quick and reliable.

PITCHER'S CASTORIA is not Narcotic. Children grow fat upon, Mothers like, and Physicians recommend CASTORIA. It regulates the Bowels, cures Wind Colic, allays Feverishness, and destroys Worms.

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The most Successful Remedy ever discovered, as it is certain in its effects and does not blister. Also excellent for human flesh. READ PROOF BELOW.

From a Prominent Physician.

Washingtonville, Ohio, June 17th, 1880.

Dr. B. J. Kendall & Co., Gents: Reading your advertisement in Turf, Field and Farm, of Kendall's Spavin Cure, and having a valuable and speedy horse which had been lame from spavin eigrteen months, I sent to you for a bottle by express, which in six weeks removed all lameness and enlargement and a large splint from another horse, and both horses are to day as sound as colts. The one bottle was worth to me one hundred dollars. Respectfully yours,
H. A. Bertolett, M. D.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE
ON HUMAN FLESH.

Bakersfield, Vt., Dec. 23, 1879.

B. J. Kendall & Co., Gents: I wish to add my testimony in favor of your invaluable liniment, "Kendall's Spavin Cure." In the spring of 1862 I slipped on the ice and sprained my right limb at the knee joint. I was very lame and at times suffered the most excruciating pain. I wore a bandage on it for over a year, and tried most everything in my reach, but could find nothing that would give me permanent relief. When I overworked, it would pain me very much. In April 1878, I began to think I should be a cripple for life; but having some of "Kendall's Spavin Cure" thought I would try it. I used one-third of a bottle and experienced relief at once. The pain left me and has not troubled me since. I feel very grateful to you and would recommend "Kendall's Spavin Cure" to all who suffer with sprains or rheumatism. Yours truly, Mrs. J. Boutell.

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

Is sure in its effects, mild in its action as it does not blister, and yet it is penetrating, and powerful to reach every deep seated pain, or to remove any bony growth or any other enlargements, such as spavins, splints, curbs, allous, sprains, swellings and any lameness and all enlargements of the joints or limbs, or for rheumatism in man and for any purpose for which a liniment is used for man or beast. It is now known to be the best liniment for man ever used, acting mild and yet certain in its effects.

Send address for illustrated circular which we think gives positive proof of its virtues. No remedy has ever met with such unqualified success, to our knowledge, for beast as well as man.

Price $.100 per bottle. or six bottles for $5. All Druggists have it or can get it for you, or it will be sent to any address on receipt of price by the proprietors, DR. B. J. KENDALL & CO., Enosburg Falls, Vermont.

843 SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Tette, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all kinds of Skin Eruptions. This Salve is guaranteed to give perfect Satisfaction in every case or money refunded. Price 25 Cents per Box. For Sale by Frank Smith, Ypsilanti. 859-1y

A Queer Notion.

Many people think it cheaper to buy 25 cent sizes of a proprietary medicine. But they make a mistake. For instance, Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry contains about eight times the quantity of ordinary 25 cent balsams. Becides it takes a less quantity of Wistar's Balsam to cure a cold. A single dose is often sufficient. For deep seated Colds and consumption it has proven itself to be the best and quickest cure ever discovered. 845 1 yr.

BEST IN THE WORLD!

ABSOLUTELY AND CHEMICALLY PURE.
"ARM AND HAMMER" BRAND.
CHURCH & CO'S
PREMIUM
SALERATUS.
AND
BI-CARB. SODA
Which is the same thing.

Impure Saleratus or Bi-Carb Soda (which is the same thing) is of a slightly dirty white color. It may appear white, examined by itself, but a COMPARISON WITH CHURCH & CO'S "ARM AND HAMMER" BRAND will show the difference.

See that your Saleratus and Baking Soda is white and PURE, as should be ALL SIMILAR SUBSTANCES used for food.